A randomized double-blind placebo controlled, Phase II/III, study of aromatase inhibitors and transdermal testosterone in the adjuvant treatment of postmenopausal women with aromatase inhibitor induced arthralgias: A221102

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Charles Loprinzi, M.D.

Testosterone undecanoate treatment reduces joint morbidities induced by anastrazole therapy in postmenopausal women with breast cancer: results of a double-blind, randomized phase II trial

Birrell SN and Tilley WD.

Australia

## **Trial Design**

90 women on adjuvant anastrazole1mg per day plus

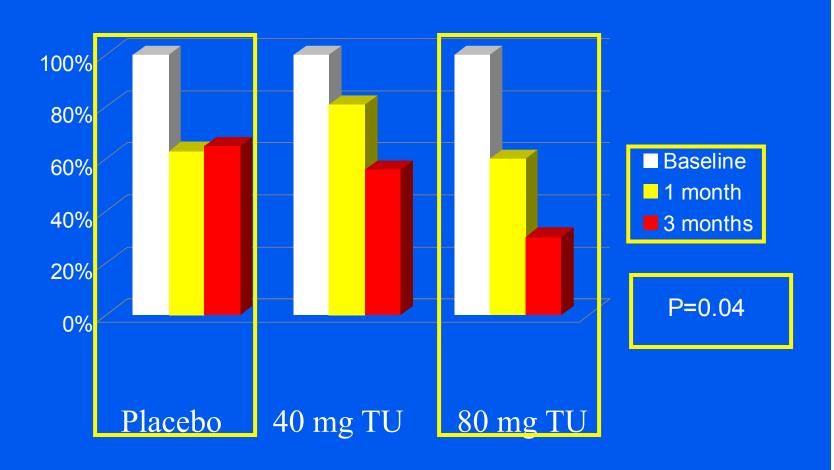
3 months of placebo or testosterone undecoanate (TU)

30=placebo

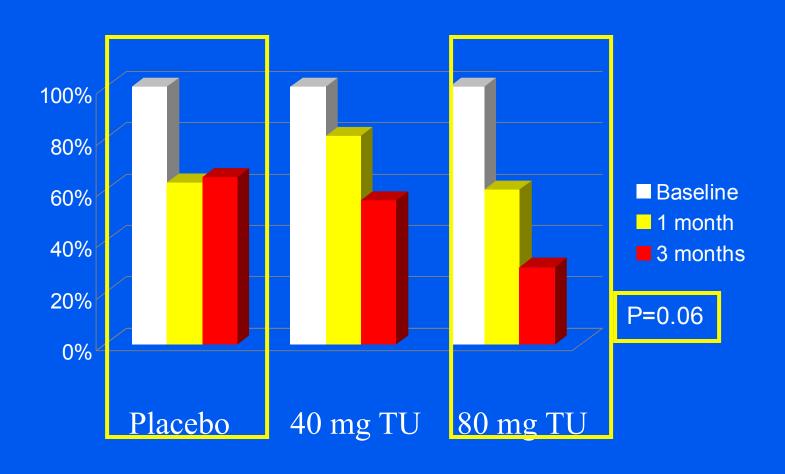
30= 40mg TU

30= 80mg TU

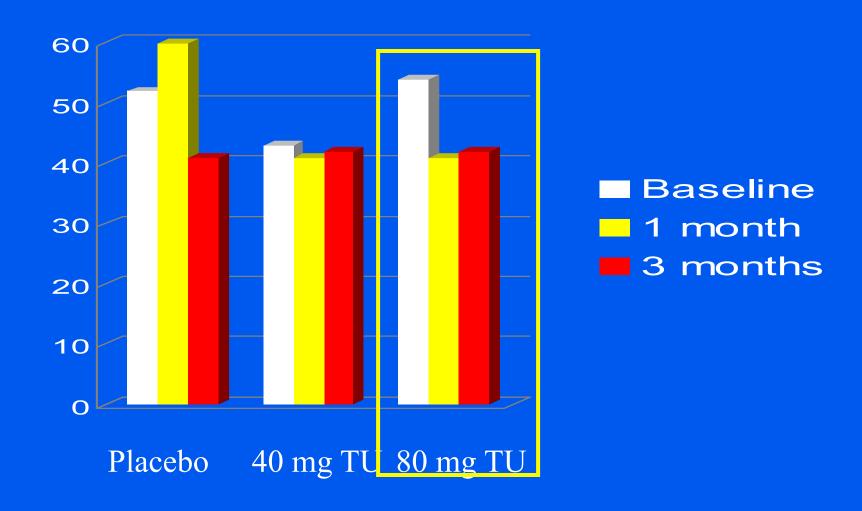
#### Percentage of patients with a PAIN VAS >50mm



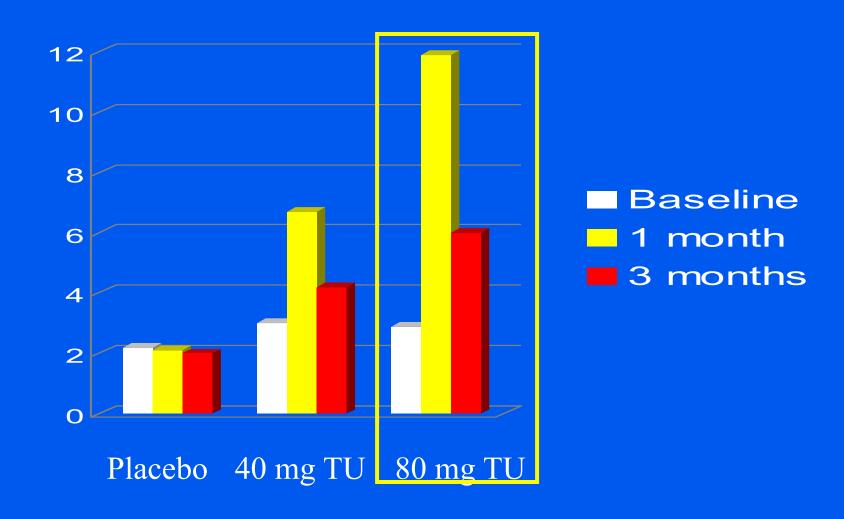
#### Percentage of patients with a Stiffness VAS >50mm



### Estradiol concentrations



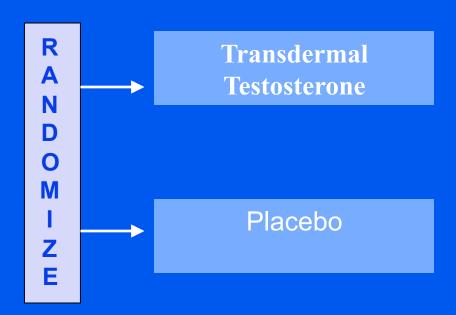
#### Free Testosterone Concentrations



# Randomized Placebo-Controlled Trial of Testosterone for Al-related Joint Symptoms

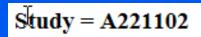
#### **Eligibility:**

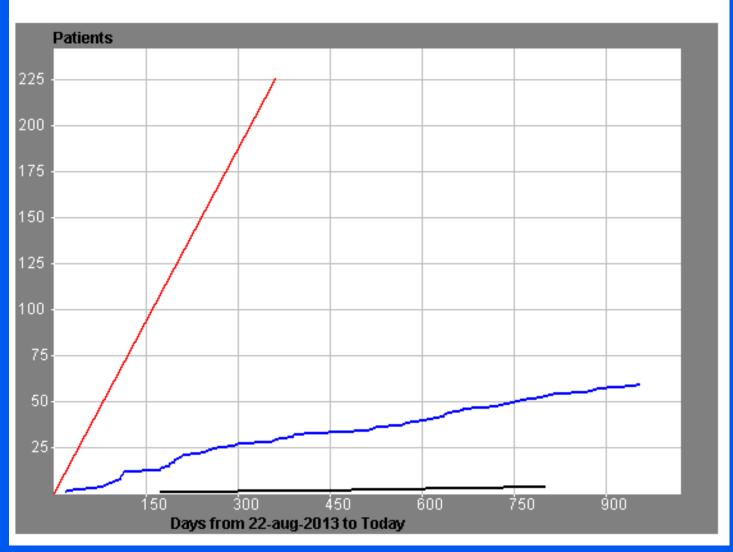
- Postmenopausal
- Adjuvant Al
- •Worst joint pain score ≥ 5/10



Primary Outcome: Change in joint pain score at 3 mos

N=226





#### Other Eligibility Factors

- Receiving anastrozole or letrozole
- Body Mass Index (BMI) between 18 and 35 kg/m2
- Must have BOTH ER and PR receptor-positive tumors and BOTH must be ≥ 26% positive. Alternatively, if ER and PR are determined by Allred score, the score needs to be 5 or higher

#### Recent Protocol Modification

 Change from SubQ preparation to a topical daily preparation